



RIPE
NCC

Using the RIPE Atlas API for Measuring IPv6 Reachability

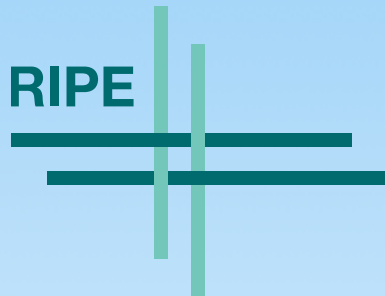
Vesna Manojlovic

Community Builder for Measurement Tools

BECHA@ripe.net / @Ms_Multicolor

BalCCoN 2014 | Novi Sad

- Short intro to RIPE, RIPE NCC
- What is IPv6 & Getting IPv6
- What is RIPE Atlas
- How to use measurements
- IPv6-related RIPE Atlas use cases
- How to take part in the RIPE Atlas community
- Appendix 1: IPv6 documents
- Appendix 2: RIPEstat



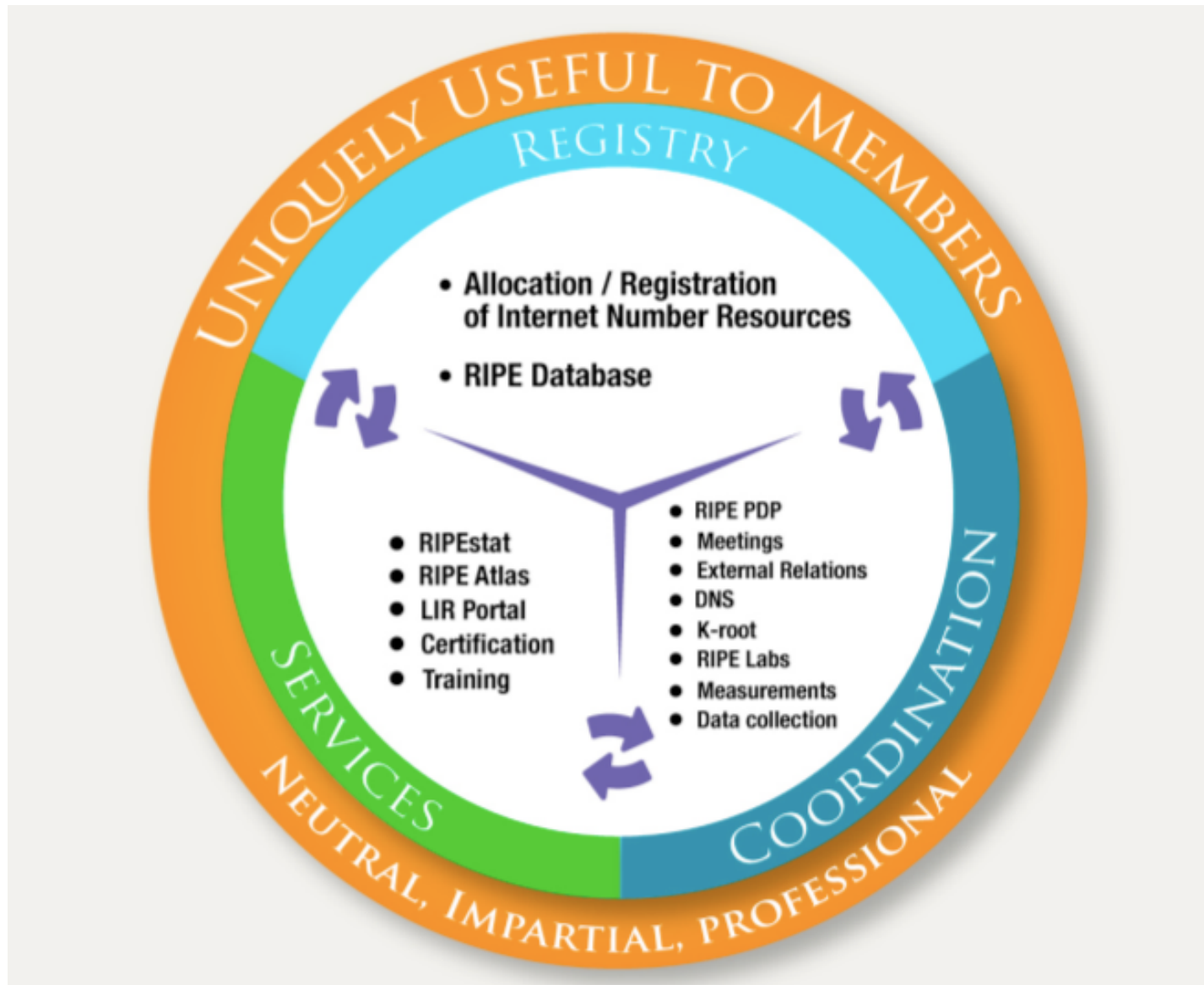
- Réseaux IP Européens
- Started in 1989
- Not a legal entity
- An open community - no official membership
- Makes policies
- Meets twice a year
- Work is done in various Working Groups on mailing lists



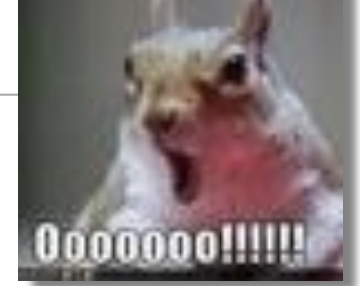
RIPE
NCC

- RIPE Network Coordination Centre
- Started in 1992
- Not-for-profit organisation
- Has members: Local Internet Registries (LIRs)
- Implements policies
- Facilitates two RIPE Meetings each year
- Provides services to both members and non-members
- Governed by an Executive Board elected by the membership
 - Neutral, impartial, open, transparent





Related Events in SEE Region



- Peering Forum, September 2014, Split, Croatia
 - <http://www.peering-forum.eu/>
- EURO-IX meeting, October 2014, Bucharest, Romania
 - <https://euro-ix.net/events/51>
- OpenFest, November 2014, Sofia
 - <http://openfest.org/>
- SEE4, April 2015, Belgrade, Serbia (**RIPE NCC regional meeting**)
 - <http://www.ripe.net/see4>



The RIPE Academic Cooperation Initiative (RACI)

RACI (the **RIPE Academic Cooperation Initiative** [↗](#)) will provide up to five students and researchers with complimentary tickets and transport to RIPE 69, and accommodation for the duration of the meeting.

RIPE 69 will take place from 3-7 November 2014 at the Novotel London West Hotel, London, United Kingdom.

RACI applications are now open!

All applications received after 12 September 2014 will be considered for RACI at RIPE 70 in Amsterdam, to be held from 11-15 May 2015.

<https://ripe69.ripe.net/programme/raci/>

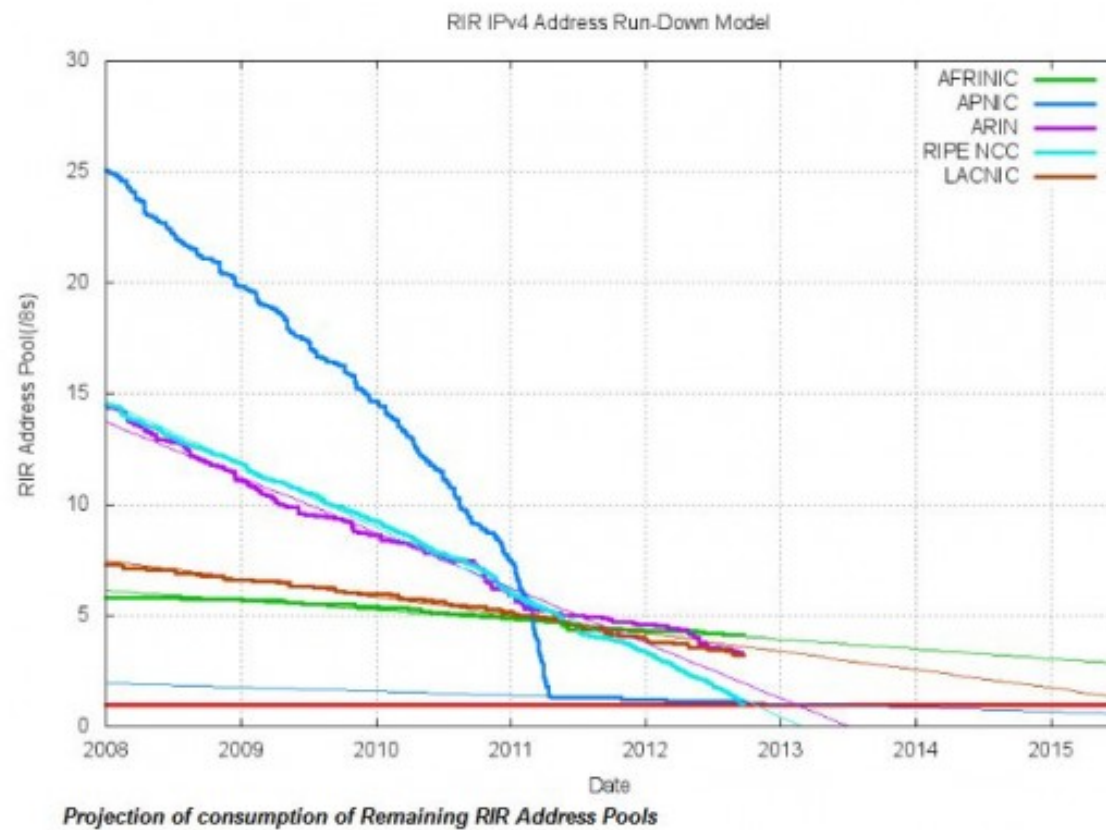


IPv6: Why & What



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- RIPE NCC is currently giving out IPv4 space from the “Last /8”
- Only to LIRs
- Only one /22 (1024 IP addresses) per member (LIR)




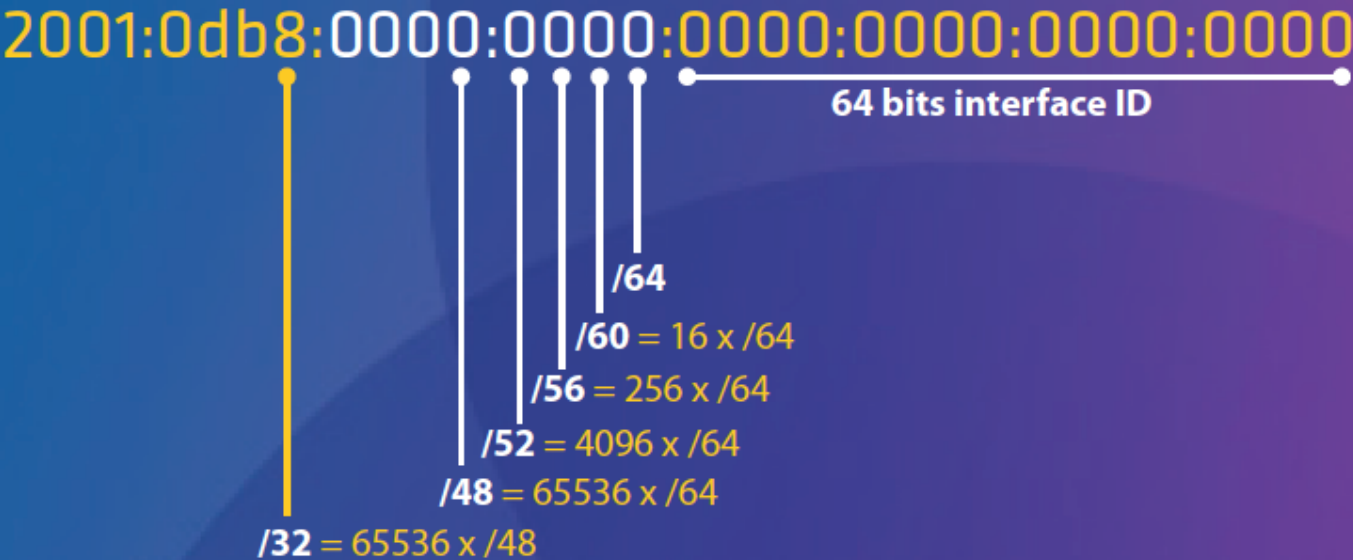
- Longer addresses, larger address space
- IPv6 address has 128 bits
 - Written in hexadecimal, using : as a separator
- For example: 2001:0db8:003e:ef11:0000:0000:c100:004d
 - shortened to: 2001:db8:3e:ef11::c100:4d
- Each interface can have multiple addresses:
 - link-local: fe80::bae8:56ff:fe1d:138
 - “private” (ULA): fc00::/7
 - 6to4 tunnel: 2002::/16
 - public: 2000::/3 (e.g. 2001:470:26:200:bae8:56ff:fe1d:138)
- **NOT BACKWARDS COMPATIBLE WITH IPv4!!!**
 - translation technologies needed

IPv6 Subnetting

2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000

64 bits interface ID

/32 = 65536 x /48
/48 = 65536 x /64
/52 = 4096 x /64
/56 = 256 x /64
/60 = 16 x /64
/64



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Contact Training Services: training@ripe.net
Follow us on Twitter: www.twitter.com/TrainingRIPENCC
www.ripe.net/training

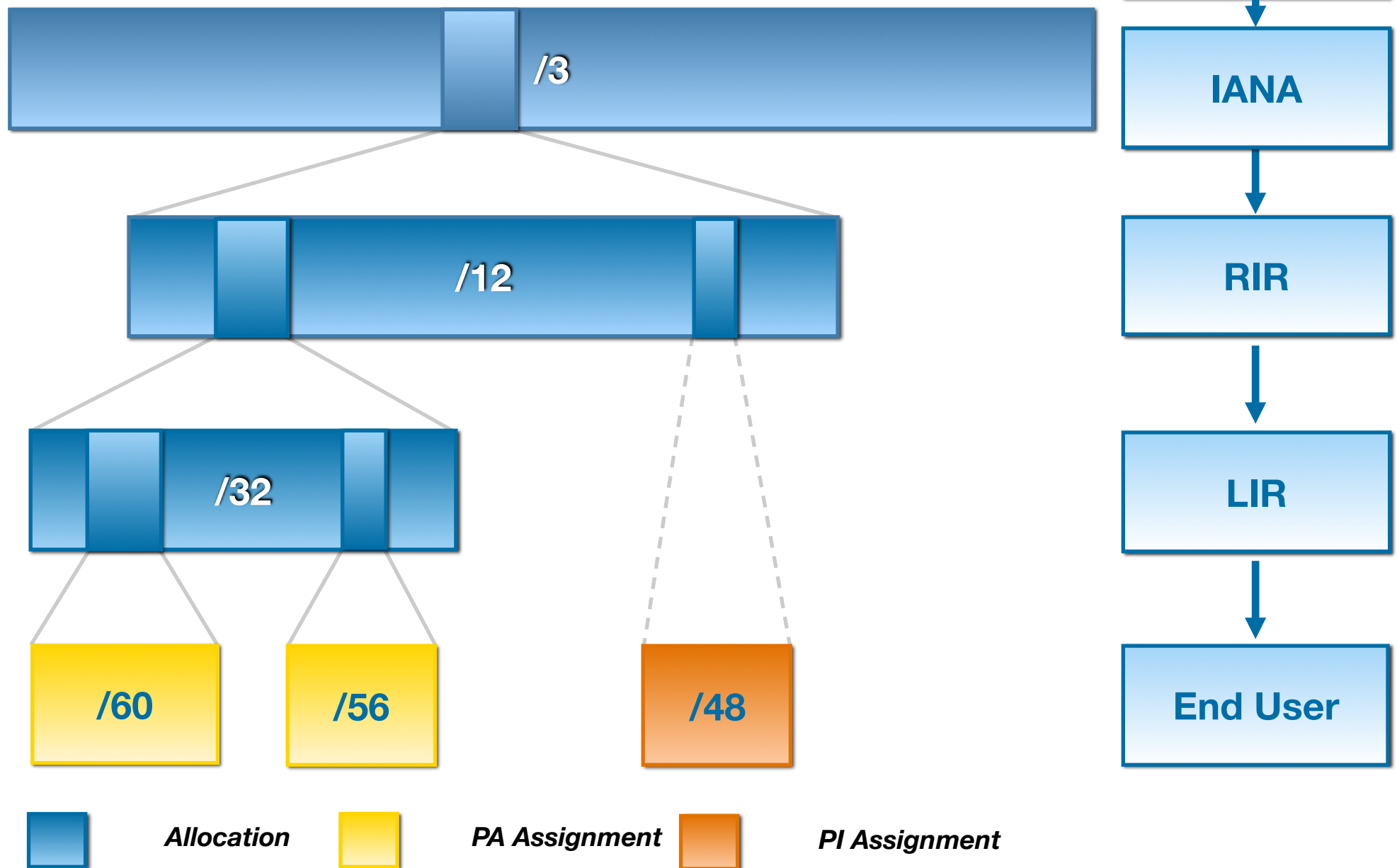


Getting IPv6



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IPv6 Address Space Distribution

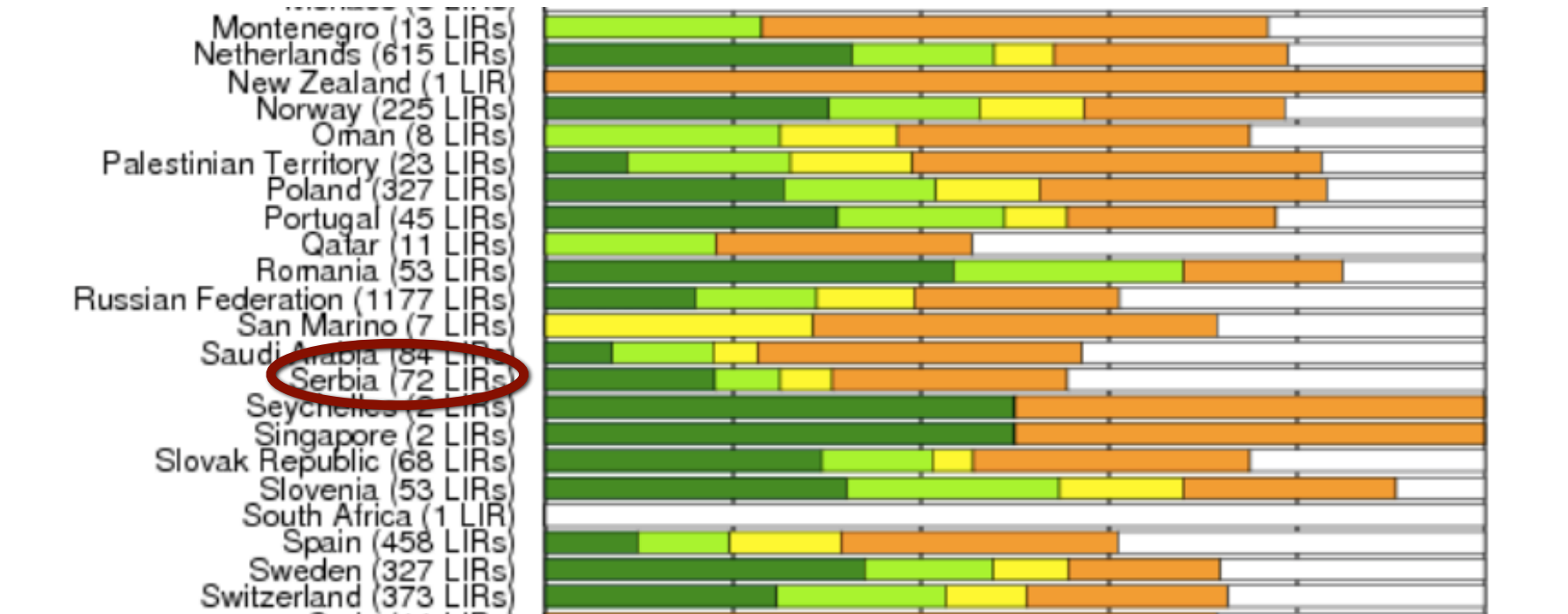


- To qualify for an allocation an organisation must:
 - Be an LIR
 - Have a plan for making assignments within two years
 - Minimum allocation size is /32
- To qualify for a PI assignment an organisation must:
 - Meet the contractual requirements for PI resources
 - LIRs must demonstrate special routing requirements
 - PI space cannot be used for sub-assignments
 - Minimum assignment size is /48

- For local network, use “private” IPv6 space (ULA)
 - FC00::/8 and FD00::/8
 - <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4193>, <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5375>
- For learning/testing/transition, use tunnels
 - SixXS: <https://www.sixxs.net/>
 - Hurricane Electric <https://www.tunnelbroker.net/>
- For small SOHO, ask your upstream ISP
 - No, you are not the first one to ask...
 - Ask for a sub-allocation if you are a business
 - Ask for /48 if you are a home user

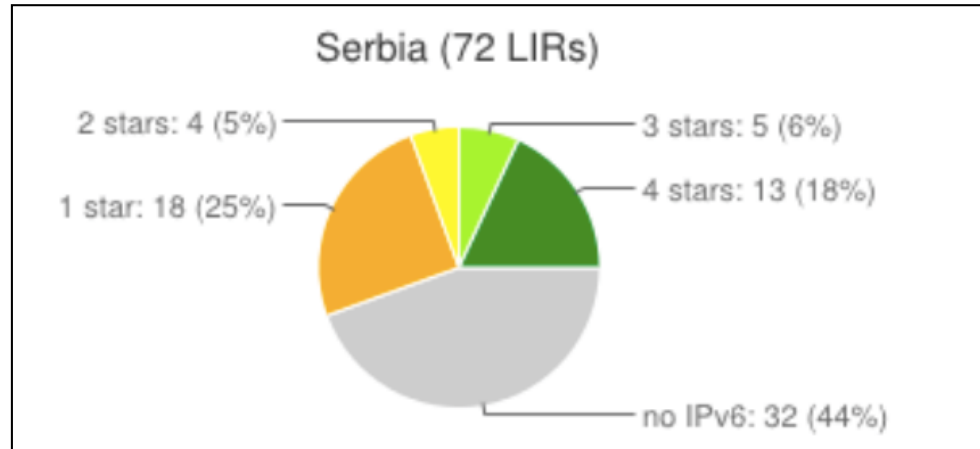
- Everybody can claim to be a router
 - Use RA Guard to filter unauthorised RAs (RFC 6105)
- SEcure Neighbor Discovery (SEND) - RFC3971
 - Neighbor solicitation/advertisement spoofing
 - DoS attack
 - Router solicitation and advertisement attacks
 - No implementations (yet)

- Measure of IPv6 readiness for LIRs
 - allocation; reverse DNS; route6 object in RR; BGP seen in RIS



- 4 stars == free T-shirt!

- 4 star: <http://ipv6ripeness.ripe.net/4star/RS.html>



- 5 star: <http://ipv6ripeness.ripe.net/5star/RS.html>

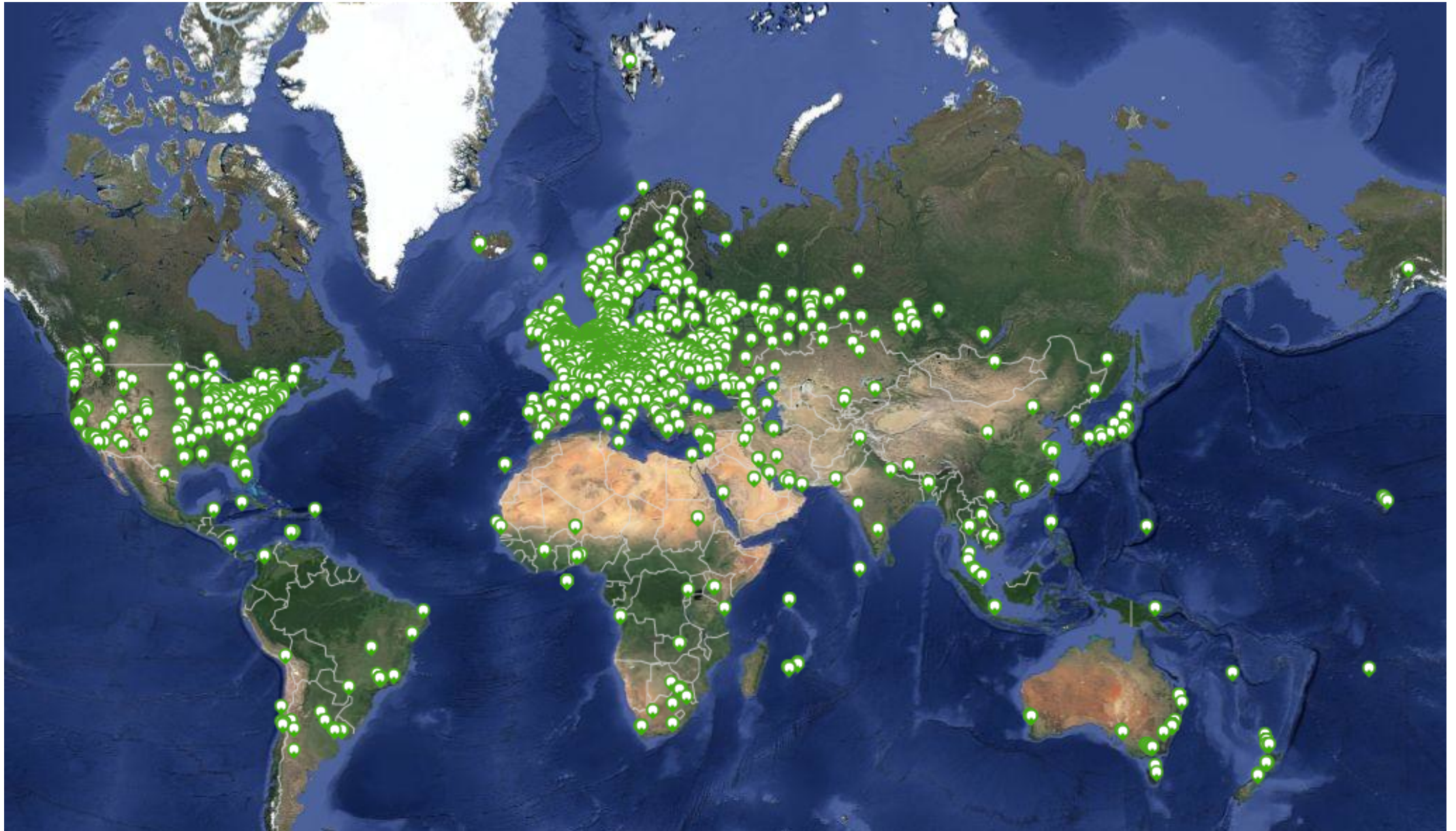
Access (last 6 months)	Access (last month)	Content	LIR
7.8 %	8.2 %	15.5 %	Akademsko mrezo Republike Srbije - AMRES
		41.1 %	Društvo za telekomunikacije Verat d.o.o, Bulevar Vojvode Misica 37
		100.0 %	Vip mobile d.o.o.



RIPE Atlas



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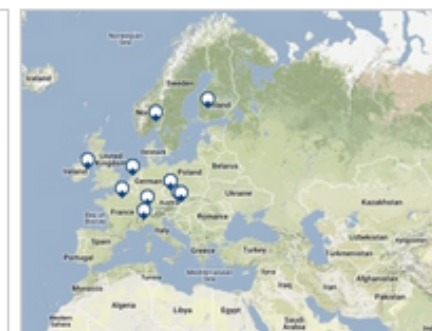
- RIPE Atlas is a global active measurements platform
- Goal is to provide the view of the Internet reachability
- Small hardware probes are hosted by volunteers
- Built-in measurements are run towards root-name servers from all probes
 - visualized as **Internet Traffic Maps**
 - data is publicly available for analysis

RTT to fixed destinations



Shows the colour coding for the RTT value for the particular destination for each probe. The minimum / average / maximum values are based on standard "ping" measurements.

RIPE Atlas anchor locations



Shows the location of RIPE Atlas anchors.

- 6,600+ active probes
 - 2,050+ probes do IPv6
- 17,500+ registered users (3,000 active monthly)
- Four types of customised measurements available to probe hosts:
ping, traceroute, DNS, SSL
 - And of course, ping6 and traceroute6 :-)

- Anyone can become a RIPE Atlas probe host
- Major personal and operational benefit:
 - See your network from the outside!
 - Have ~6,500 external vantage points to do customised measurements towards the destination of your choice
- Data of built-in measurements available to everyone
 - Maps, data from public probes, API to download raw data

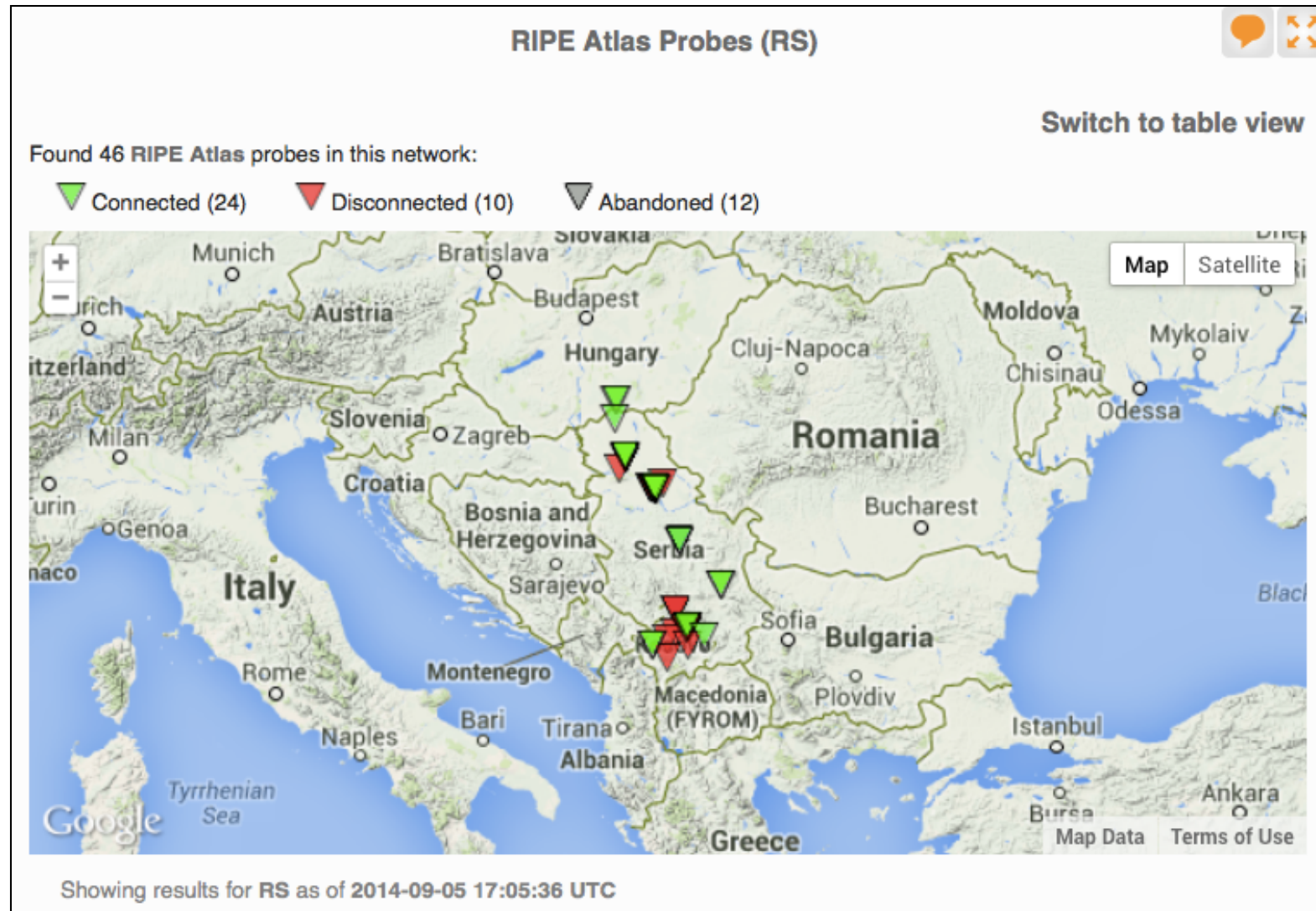


- v1 & v2: Lantronix XPort Pro
- v3: TP-Link TL-MR3020 powered from USB port
 - Does not work as a wireless router!
- RIPE Atlas anchor: Soekris net6501-70



- Anchors: well-known targets and powerful probes
 - Regional baseline & “future history”
- 73 anchors installed
- Anchoring measurements
- Measurements between anchors
- 200 probes targeting each anchor with measurements
- Each probe measures four to five anchors
- Apply: <https://atlas.ripe.net/about/anchors/>
- **The only RIPE Atlas anchor in Balkans is hosted by SOX, Belgrade!**

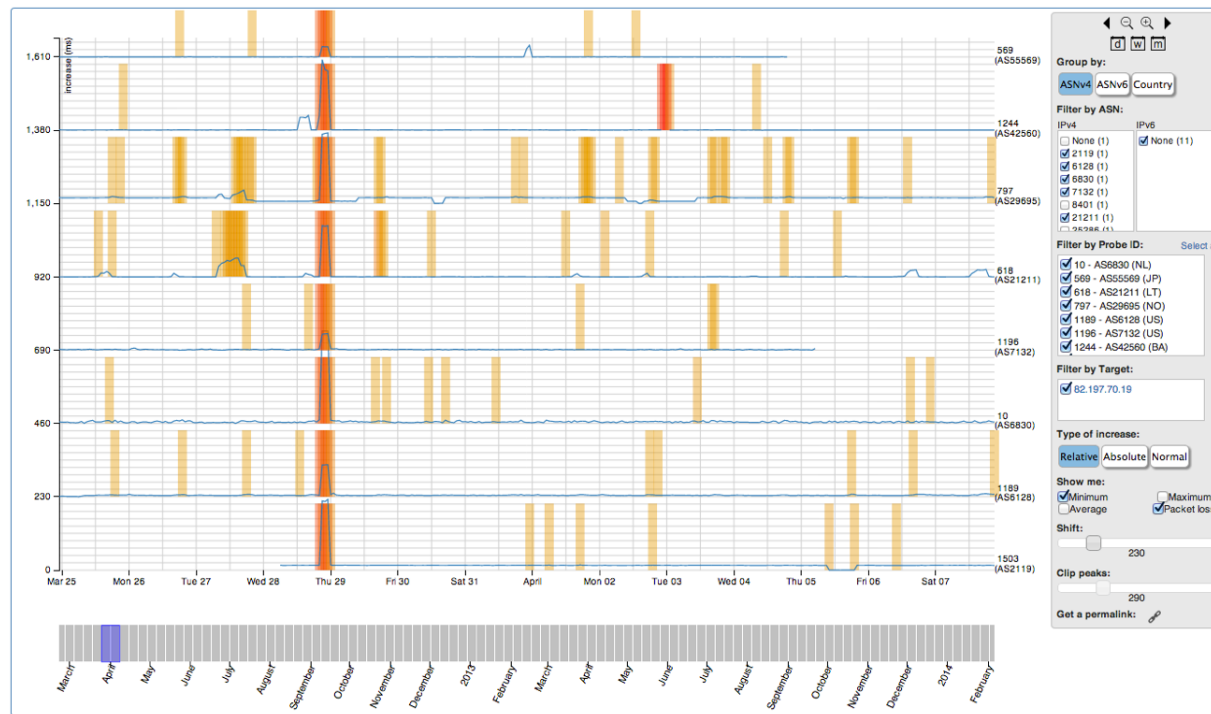


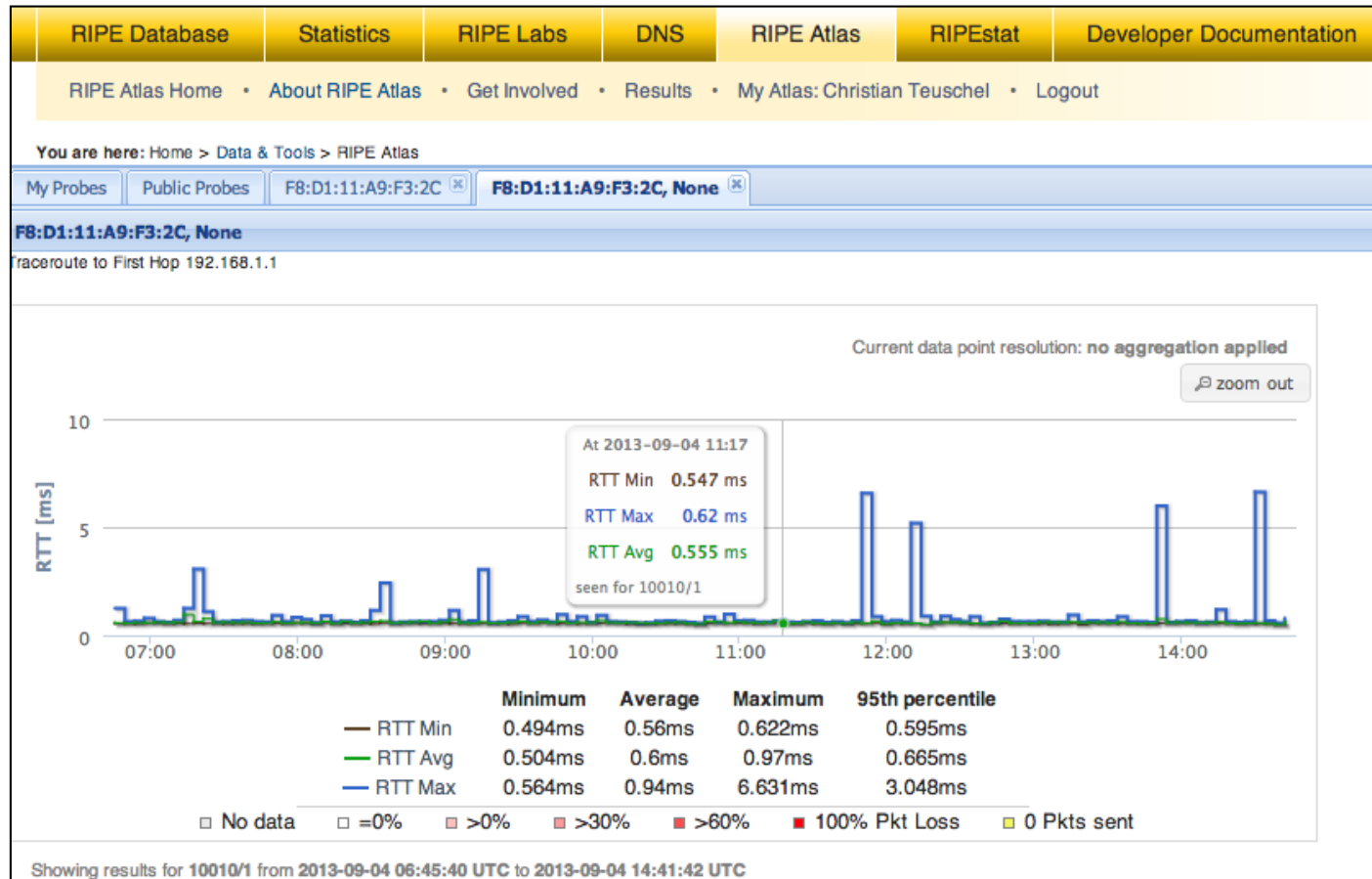


Veljko		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	Balcccon 2013	?
Gabriel		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	OHM2013	
Moki		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	Balcccon 2013, will write an article about privacy aspects	?
Igor		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	Balcccon 2013	?
Madis		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	OHM2013	
Nikola		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	Balcccon, 2013	?
Mihajlo		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	Balcccon 2013	?
Silvan		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	BalCCCon 2013, hackerspace probe (which space?!)	?
Marco		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	OHM2013	
Jason		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	Iceland! // OHM2013	
Hacklab01		Handed out	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	Balcccon 2013 Zacheb	?
Haklab Beograd		Online, not hosted	2013-07-26	OHM 2013	Balcccon 2013, Haklab Beograd	?

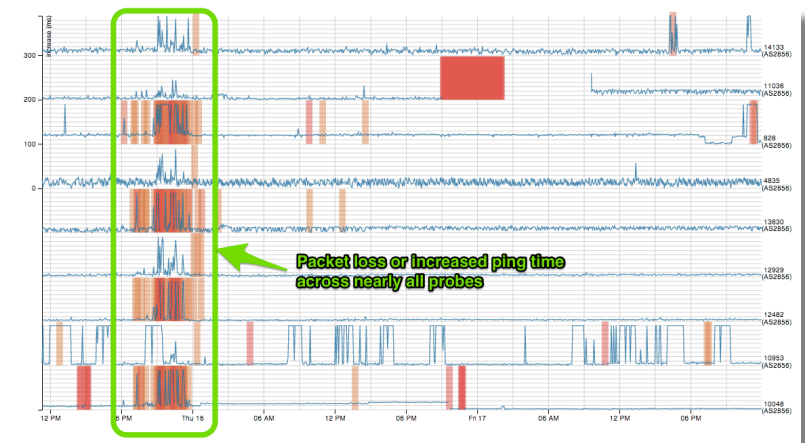
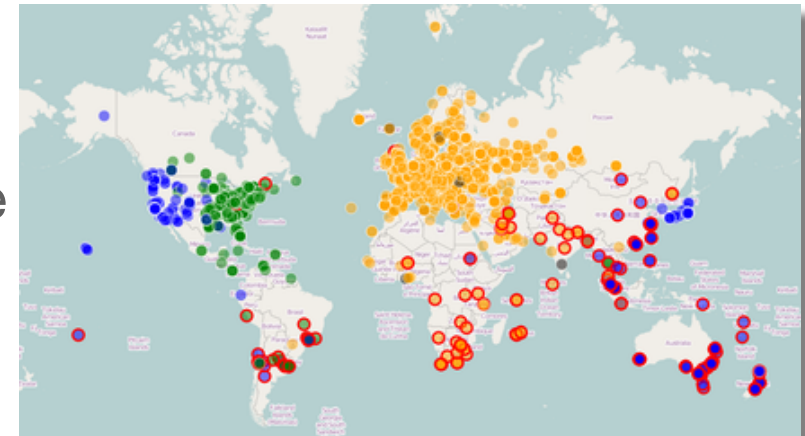
- Seismograph
 - Multiple ping measurements in one view
 - Stacked chart and interactive control panel
 - Based on RIPEstat widget framework
- Zoomable ping graph
 - Replacing multiple RRDs graphs: zoom in/out in time, in the same graph, without loss of detail
 - Easier visualisation of an event's details
 - Selection of RTT class (max, min, average)
- Latest results API
 - <https://atlas.ripe.net/docs/measurement-latest-api/>

- Powerful Anchors Mesh Visualization
- https://labs.ripe.net/Members/massimo_candela/seismograph-user-guide

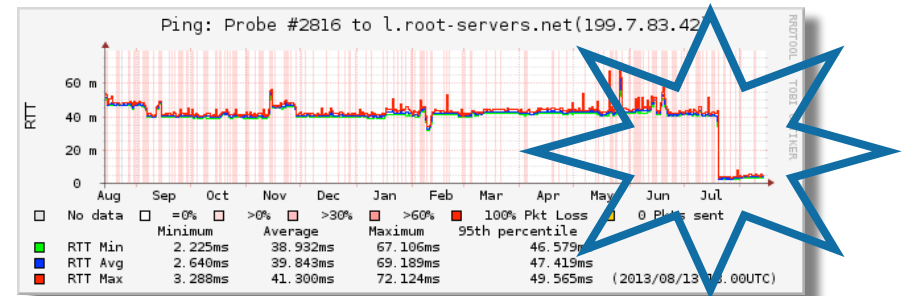




- Helped Wikimedia to identified ways to decrease latency and improve performance
 - <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/how-ripe-atlas-helped-wikipedia-users>
- Investigating problems of slow servers
 - <http://engineering.freeagent.com/2014/01/24/atlas-probes/>
- TimeWarnerCable outage
 - <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/time-warner-cable-outage>



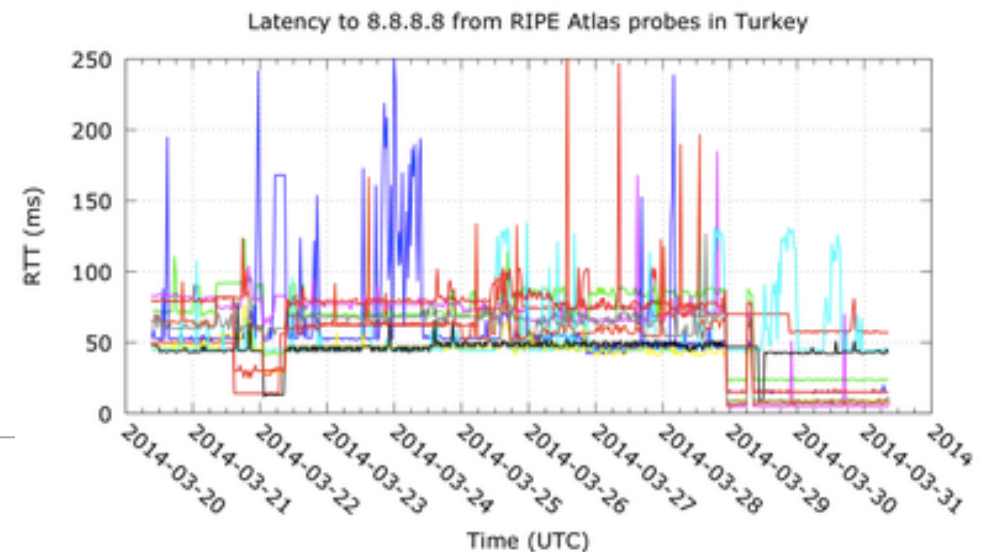
- IXP: Measuring the effect of installing L-root in Belgrade / SOX



- DNS: Looking for most popular instances of .FR anycast servers

Name server instance	Nr. of probes connecting to instance	Percentage
dns.th2.nic.fr	173	36%
dns.fra.nic.fr	173	36%
dns.lon.nic.fr	47	10%
dns.lyn2.nic.fr	29	6%
dns.lyn1.nic.fr	25	5%
dns.bru.nic.fr	19	4%
dns.ix1.nic.fr	18	4%

- Events: Measuring Internet outage in Turkey



- Probes have hardwired trust material
(registration server addresses / keys)
- The probes don't have any open ports; they only initiate connections - this works fine with NATs, too
- Measurements are scheduled by centralised “command servers” via reverse ssh tunnels
- Probes don't listen to local traffic; there are no passive measurements running
- Measurement source code published
- Reported vulnerabilities: <https://atlas.ripe.net/docs/security/>

RIPE Atlas

42 Hackerspaces with a [RIPE Atlas Probe](#)

To ask for a probe: atlas.ripe.net/apply

To add a probe to your hackerspace: edit the page of your hackerspace on this wiki; at the bottom add "equipment" your hackerspace on this map!

For more info, see [Project description "RIPE Atlas probes at hackerspaces"](#) and [the workshop at 29c3](#)



- [http://hackerspaces.org/wiki/RIPE Atlas](http://hackerspaces.org/wiki/RIPE_Atlas)



How to Use Measurements



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- Probe hosts and RIPE NCC members perform customised measurements using the targets and frequency of their choice
- API available for creating measurements
 - <https://atlas.ripe.net/docs/measurement-creation-api/>
- REST APIs for analysing measurements, too
 - <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/wilhelm/ripe-atlas-code-for-analysis-and-statistics-reporting>

- Log in to atlas.ripe.net
- Go to “My Atlas” → “My Measurements”
- Choose “New Measurement” or “One-off”
 - Most measurements are periodic & last a long time
 - Choose type, target, frequency, # of probes, region...
 - You will spend credits (next slides)
- To see results: “My Measurements”
- More details: <https://atlas.ripe.net/doc/udm>

- By hosting a probe, you earn credits as a reward for making your probe available to others
 - Hosts earn 21,600 credits per day, as long as the probe is connected
- To perform customised measurements, you spend credits
 - Use them to perform measurements from your probe towards any target
 - Ping costs 10 credits, traceroute costs 20, etc.
 - Daily limit applies

- Credit system introduced to ensure fairness and protect system from overload
- To use the API, you need keys that identify users:
 - <https://atlas.ripe.net/atlas/keys>
- Extra credits can be earned by:
 - Being a RIPE NCC member
 - Hosting a RIPE Atlas anchor
 - Sponsoring multiple probes
- More details: <https://atlas.ripe.net/doc/credits>

1. Create a RIPE Atlas ping measurement
 - You can use up to 1,024 probes
2. URL: https://atlas.ripe.net/api/v1/status-checks/MEAUSRMNT_ID/
3. Come back later to see whether anything has changed
4. Define your alerts accordingly

- Icinga:

- Make use of the built-in check_http plugin

- Documentation and examples:

- <https://atlas.ripe.net/docs/status-checks/>

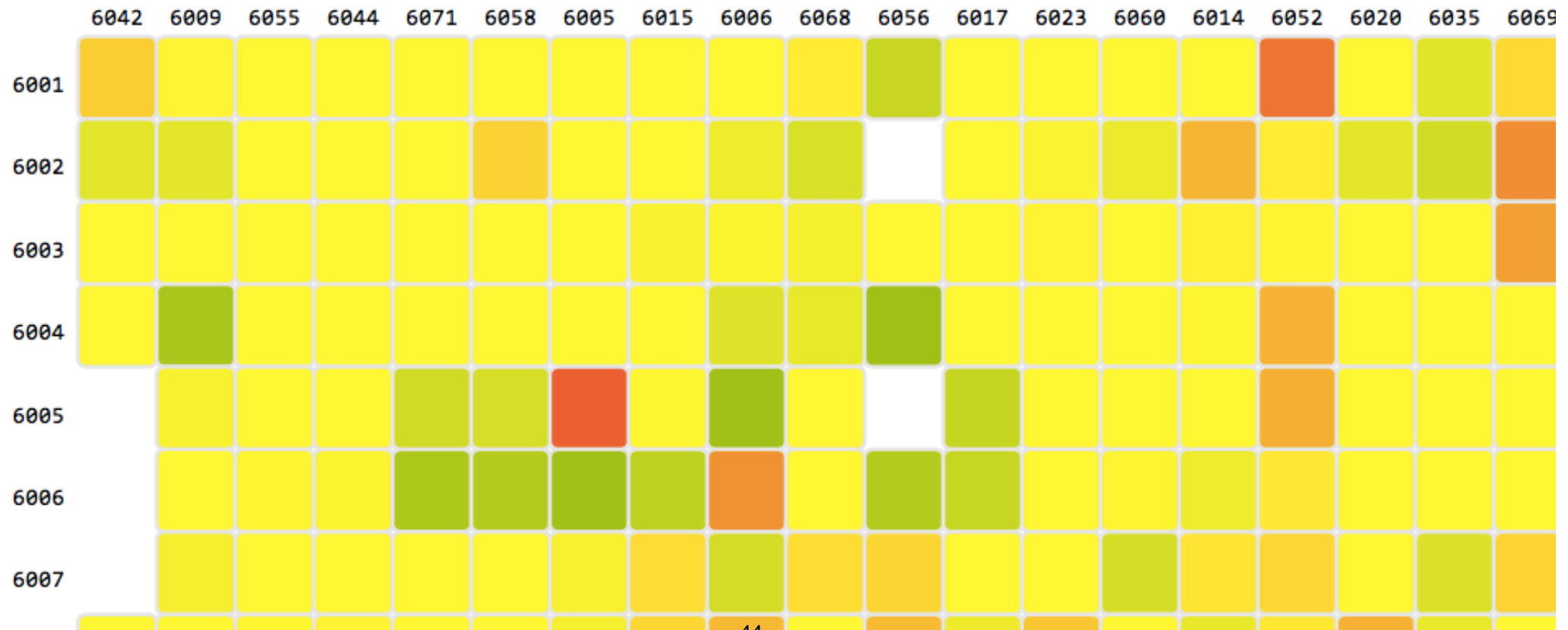


- Nikolay Melnikov, Hands-on: RIPE Atlas, AIMS 2013
 - <http://cnds.eecs.jacobs-university.de/users/nmelnikov/aims2013-ripe-atlas.html>
- Stéphane Bortzmeyer, Creating and Analysing RIPE Atlas Measurements, RIPE67
 - <https://ripe67.ripe.net/presentations/153-ripe-atlas-udm-api-1.pdf>

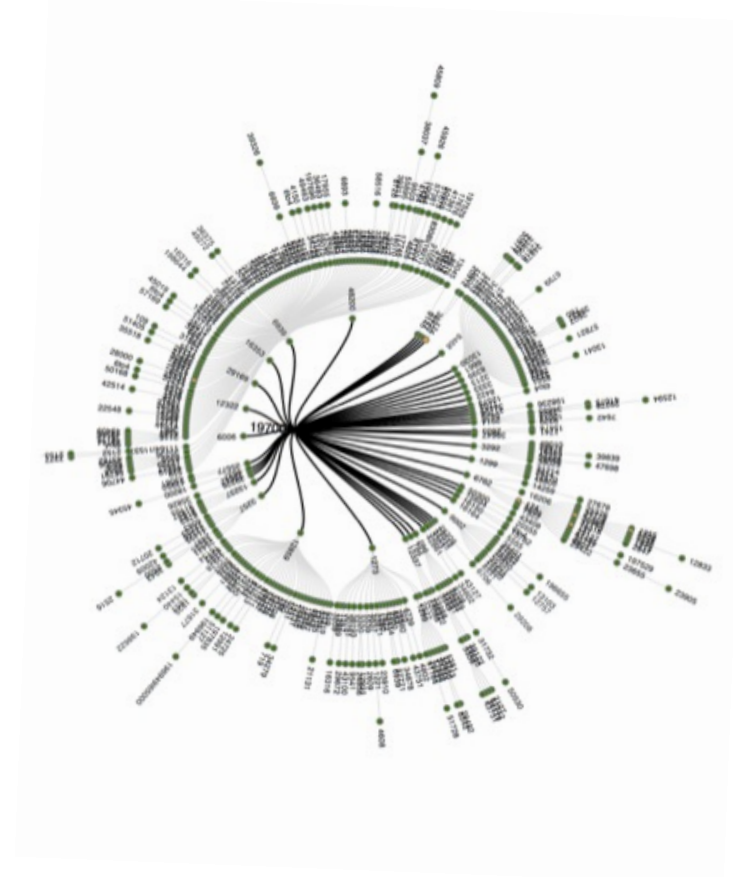


- In Beta: matrix view of Anchors mesh
- Interactive, gives more details on click

```
#interval: 3600 seconds or 1 hour
#
#colors: white=nodata, green=ipv6_faster, red=ipv4_faster, yellow=ipv4_ipv6_are_similar (-0.1<
#
#          darker colors means faster than light colors
```



- Only for RIPE NCC members! (LIRs)
 - Via the LIR Portal
 - Using 1,000 RIPE Atlas probes
 - Visualising:
 - Completed paths
 - Unsuccessful paths
 - Clickable hops (ASNs)
-
- <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/becha/test-your-ipv6-reachability-using-ripe-atlas>
 - <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/visualise-your-ipv6-connectivity-using-ripe-atlas>



Global Reachability Measurements

- We test the reachability of the globally-defined v6DPs using **100 active probes** within the RIPE Atlas platform



RIPE68@Warsaw

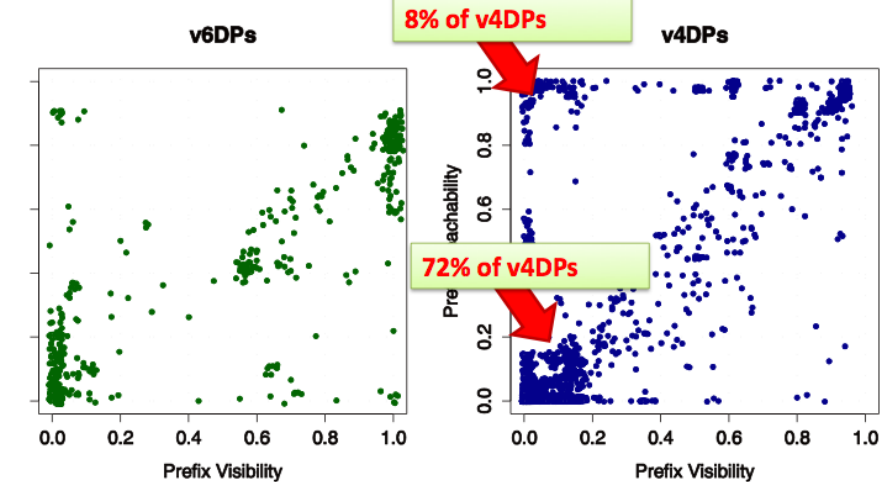
12

[https://ripe68.ripe.net/presentations/226-Understanding the Reachability of IPv6 Limited Visibility Prefixes.pdf](https://ripe68.ripe.net/presentations/226-Understanding%20the%20Reachability%20of%20IPv6%20Limited%20Visibility%20Prefixes.pdf)

Results

average reachability degree for a v6DP is of **46.5%**

average reachability degree for v4DPs is of **17.4%**



Help us to help you!

- Go to **visibility.it.uc3m.es**
- Check if the prefixes of an AS are LVPs/DPs— monitor the global visibility of your prefixes!
- ... and tell us why the prefixes discovered have limited visibility in the first place: intended/unintended behaviour?

Query for ASN: Please take the time to fill in the short survey form after visualizing the results of your query

Fill in the AS number here

- Using RIPE Atlas to perform worldwide traces to measure round-trip times and other route measurements
 - We identified routes that can be optimised and sent to other POPs with much better response times
 - We also identified routes that can be optimised by changing the transit provider for the same POP
 - <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/becha/world-ipv6-launch-ripe-atlas-use-cases>
- The success rate with IPv6-only domain names is much lower (~60%) than with "mixed" (both IPv4 and IPv6) domain names (~96%)
 - https://labs.ripe.net/Members/stephane_bortzmeyer/how-many-ripe-atlas-probes-can-resolve-ipv6-only-domain-names

- Is there BGP route filtering based on prefix size in IPv6?
 - We saw roughly 1% out of ~500 RIPE Atlas probes that can't reach a destination in an IPv6 /48 prefix (without a covering shorter prefix) out of IPv6 PA space
 - Likely due to filtering
 - <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/ripe-atlas-a-case-study-of-ipv6-48-filtering>
- Is the DNS filtering of AAAA causing unexpected problems?
 - <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/ripe-atlas-case-study-of-aaaa-filtering>

- What happens when users try to send large packets over the Internet? Above a certain size, these packets will have to be fragmented, which might cause problems
- 9% of RIPE Atlas probes have problems with fragmentation in IPv4, and 10% of probes have fragmentation problems in IPv6
- <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/ripe-atlas-packet-size-matters>
- <http://www.nlnetlabs.nl/downloads/publications/pmtu-black-holes-msc-thesis.pdf>

- Performing traceroute6 to DNS name that does not have IPv6 helped troubleshoot IPv6 at Vienna University!
 - Most probes reported “name resolution failed”
 - “One probe, 13255 resolved wsww2.cc.univie.ac.at to 2001:6f8:114e:3::c099:aec4, which is interesting because c099:aec4 is exactly equal to the IPv4 address of wsww2.cc.univie.ac.at. So I suspect that this probe is behind a resolver that does DNS64.” (allowing this user-defined measurement was a RIPE Atlas bug ;-)

- “It is quite common in the IPv6 world to have devices that believe they are connected to the IPv6 Internet while they are not”
 - “When you use RIPE Atlas to measure the connectivity of an IPv6 device, 90% success is the maximal reachability you'll get.”
 - https://labs.ripe.net/Members/stephane_bortzmeyer/how-many-atlas-probes-believe-they-have-ipv6-but-are-wrong

- Application Aspects of IPv6 Transition: <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4038>
- Porting applications to IPv6:
 - <http://gsyc.escet.urjc.es/~eva/IPv6-web/ipv6.html>
 - http://www.euchinagrid.org/IPv6/IPv6_presentation/Introduction_to_IPv6_programming.pdf
- Ecdysis: open-source implementation of a NAT64 gateway:
 - <http://ecdysis.viagenie.ca/>
- **A Recommendation for IPv6 Address Text Representation**
 - <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5952>
- IETF WGs - Behave: Standardising NATs and protocol translators
 - <https://www.ietf.org/dyn/wg/chapter/behavior-charter.htm>



How to Take Part in the RIPE Atlas Community



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RIPE-Atlas-Community / ripe-atlas-community-contrib

Unwatch

24

Star

28

Contributors

Traffic

Commits

Code frequency

Punch card

Network

Members

Feb 3, 2013 – Sep 5, 2014

Contributions to master, excluding merge commits

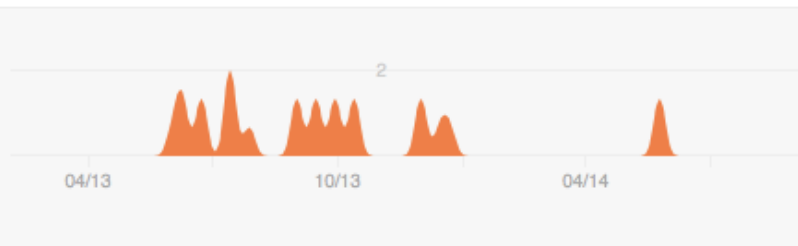
Contributions: Commits



bortzmeyer

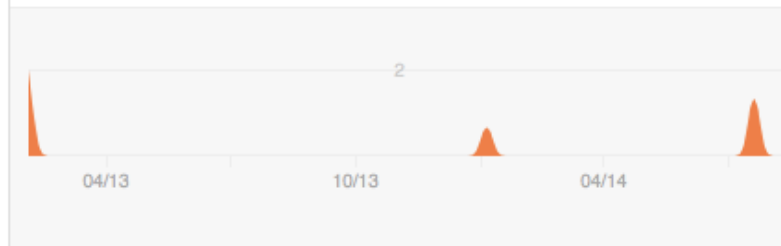
23 commits / 1,834 ++ / 413 --

#1



becha42

5 commits / 120 ++ / 0 --



kmkaplan

4 commits / 45 ++ / 13 --

#3



sputnick-dev

3 commits / 170 ++ / 1 --



- <https://github.com/RIPE-Atlas-Community>
- Measurements source code
 - https://labs.ripe.net/Members/philip_homburg/ripe-atlas-measurements-source-code
 - <https://github.com/RIPE-Atlas-Community/RIPE-Atlas-probe-fw-code-4520>
- [Links to other contributions](#)
- Plus Rummy! <http://rubygems.org/gems/ripe-atlas>

- If you want to...
 - Help distribute probes
 - Give workshops, tutorials, and promote RIPE Atlas
- To become an ambassador:
 - Get in touch; we'll ship you some probes
 - <https://www.ripe.net/mailman/listinfo/ripe-atlas-ambassadors>
- Become a sponsor:
 - <https://atlas.ripe.net/get-involved/community/#!tab-sponsors>
- 2014:



2013



Cable&Wireless
Worldwide



2012



<https://atlas.ripe.net>

- Get a probe: <https://atlas.ripe.net/apply>
- Mailing list for active users: **ripe-atlas@ripe.net**
- Articles and updates on RIPE Labs: <https://labs.ripe.net/atlas>
- Questions: **atlas@ripe.net**
- Twitter: **@RIPE_Atlas** and **#RIPEAtlas**





Appendix 1: IPv6 Documents



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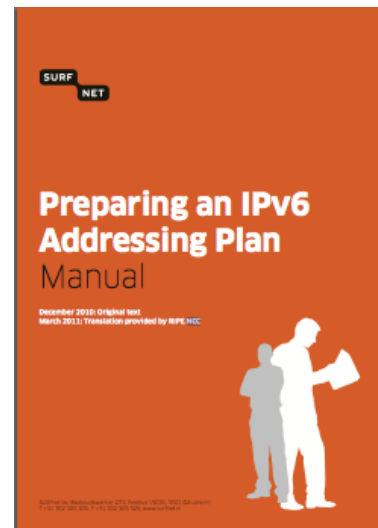


New

- Basic and advanced:
 - <http://www.ripe.net/training/ipv6/>
 - <http://www.ripe.net/lir-services/training/courses/advanced-ipv6>
- <http://www.ripe.net/lir-services/training/material/ripe-ncc-training-material#IPV6>
- <http://www.ripe.net/lir-services/resource-management/allocations-and-assignments/request-ipv6/ipv6-subnetting-card>

- “Requirements for IPv6 in ICT Equipment”
 - <http://www.ripe.net/ripe/docs/ripe-554.html>
- Best Current Practice describing what to ask for when requesting IPv6 support
- Useful for tenders and RFPs
- Originated by the Slovenian government
 - Adopted by various others (Germany, Sweden)

- Organisations have no idea how to handle 65,536 subnets!
- Manual for preparing an IPv6 addressing plan
 - https://www.ripe.net/lir-services/training/material/IPv6-for-LIRs-Training-Course/IPv6_addr_plan4.pdf



Websites

- <http://www.getipv6.info/>
- <http://www.ipv6actnow.org>
- <http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/v6ops/>

Mailing lists

- <http://lists.cluenet.de/mailman/listinfo/ipv6-ops>
- <http://www.ripe.net/mailman/listinfo/ipv6-wg>



Appendix 2: RIPEstat

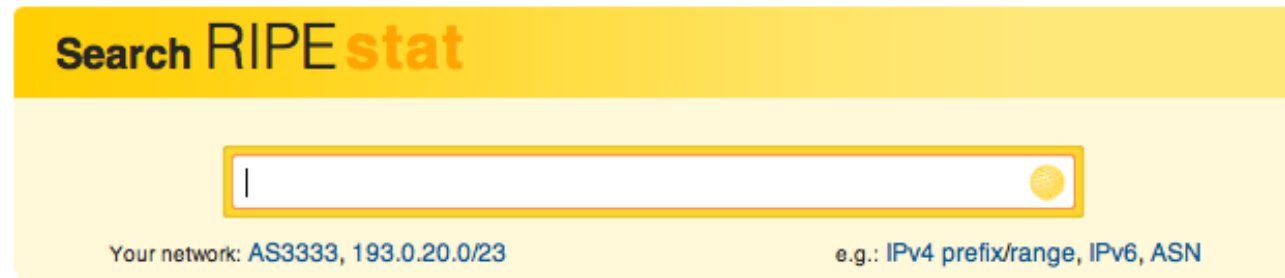
<https://stat.ripe.net>



RIPE
NCC

RIPEstat is a “one-stop shop” for information about Internet number resources

- RIPE NCC: registration data and RIPE Database, routing (RIS), reverse DNS, RIPE Atlas measurements
- External sources: IRR, RIRs, geolocation, blacklists, M-Lab network activity

The image shows the RIPEstat search interface. It features a yellow header bar with the text "Search RIPEstat" in black and orange. Below the header is a white search input field with a yellow border and a magnifying glass icon on the right. Underneath the input field, there is a line of text: "Your network: AS3333, 193.0.20.0/23" on the left and "e.g.: IPv4 prefix/range, IPv6, ASN" on the right.

Search box

You are here: Home » Query Results » RIPEstat » AS3333

RIPEstat

At a Glance (1)

- Routing (0/1)
- DNS (0)
- Anti Abuse (0)
- Database (0)
- Geographic (0)
- Activity (0)

AS Overview (AS3333)

RIPE-NCC-AS - Réseau IP Européens Network Coordination Centre (RIPE NCC)

Showing results from 2013-08-08 00:00:00 UTC to 2013-08-08 00:00:00 UTC

source data embed code permalink info

Registry Browser (AS3333)

Last updated on 2013-04-17 at 10:13:18 UTC

aut-num: AS3333

as-name RIPE-NCC-AS
descr Réseau IP Européens Network Coordination Centre (RIPE NCC)
org ORG-RIEN1-RIPE
admin-c JOR-RIPE
admin-c BRD-RIPE
tech-c OPS4-RIPE
mnt-by RIPE-NCC-END-MNT
mnt-by RIPE-NCC-MNT

Showing results for AS3333 as of 2013-08-08 14:00:00 UTC

source data embed code permalink info

Geoloc (AS3333)

Map Satellite

London Hamburg Berlin

Map Data: 3 km of this. Report a map error

Geoloc details

Showing results for AS3333 as of 2013-08-07 00:00:00 UTC

source data embed code permalink info

Routing Status (AS3333)

AS3333 is visible by 87% of 107 IPv4 and 86% of 102 IPv6 RIRs full peers.

First ever seen before Jan 2001.

Originated IPv4 prefixes: 0
Originated IPv6 prefixes: 1
Observed BGP neighbours: 100
Address space announced (IPv4): 4000 IPs
Address space announced (IPv6): equiv. to 1 rIRs

Compare to: 1 week 1 earlier

Showing results for AS3333 as of 2013-08-08 00:00:00 UTC

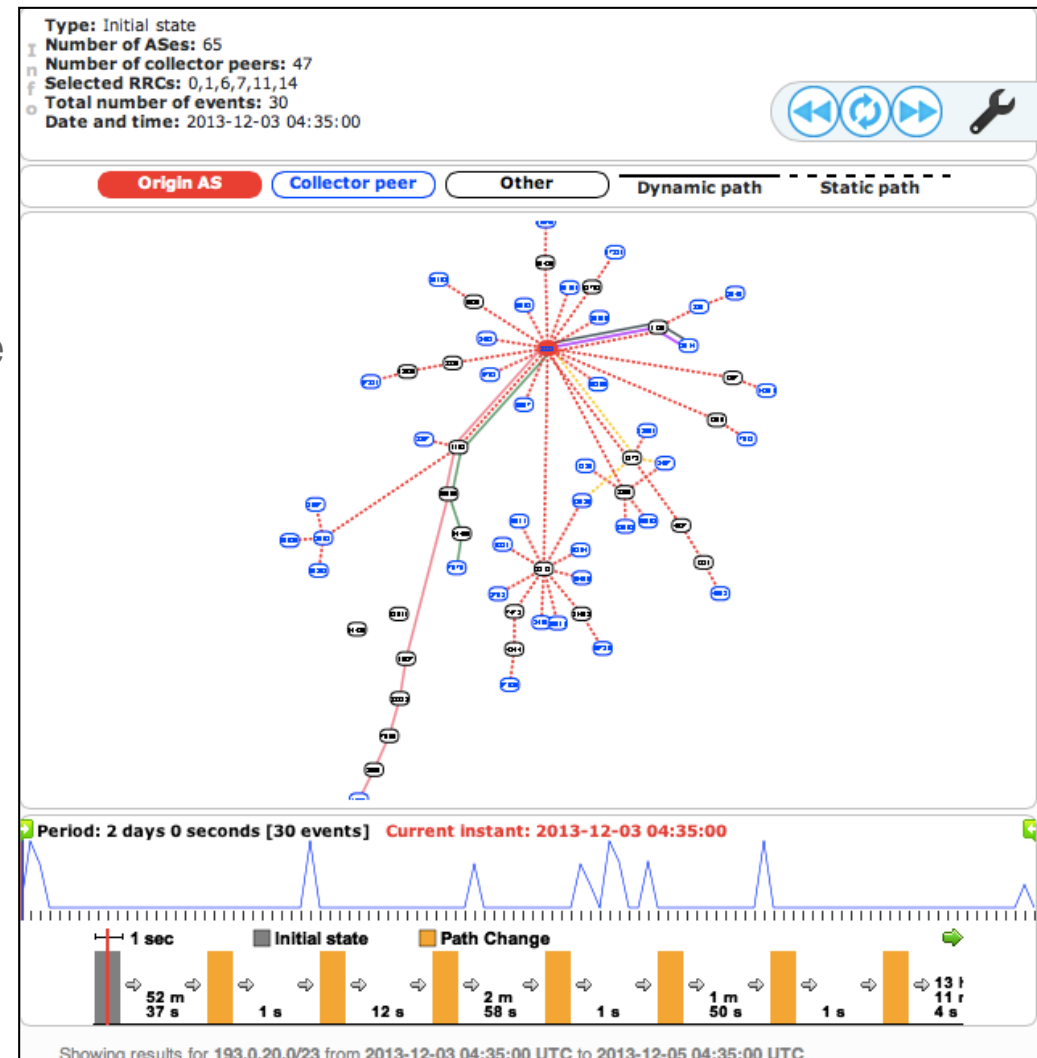
source data embed code permalink info

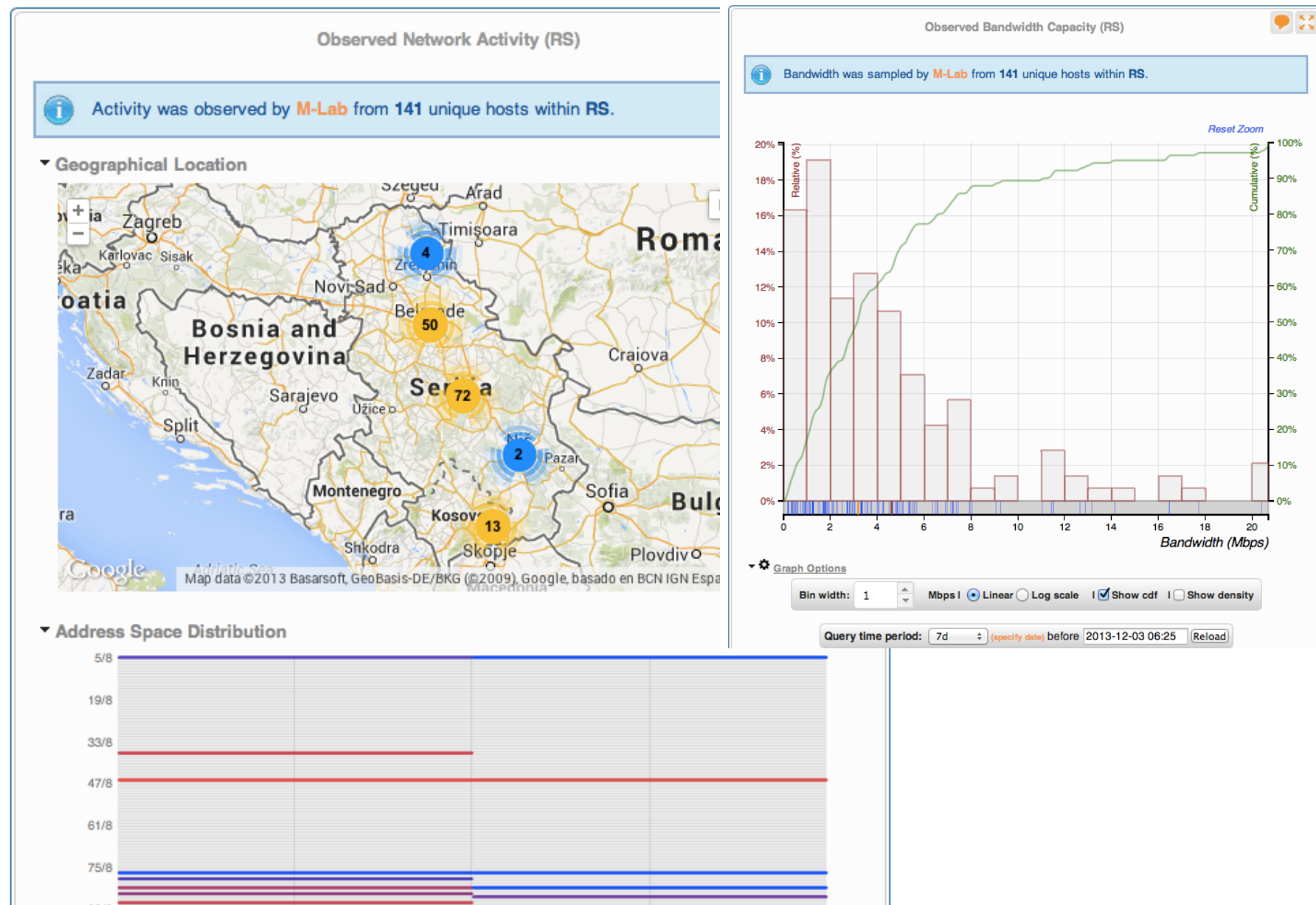
Widgets

Widgets grouped into thematic tabs

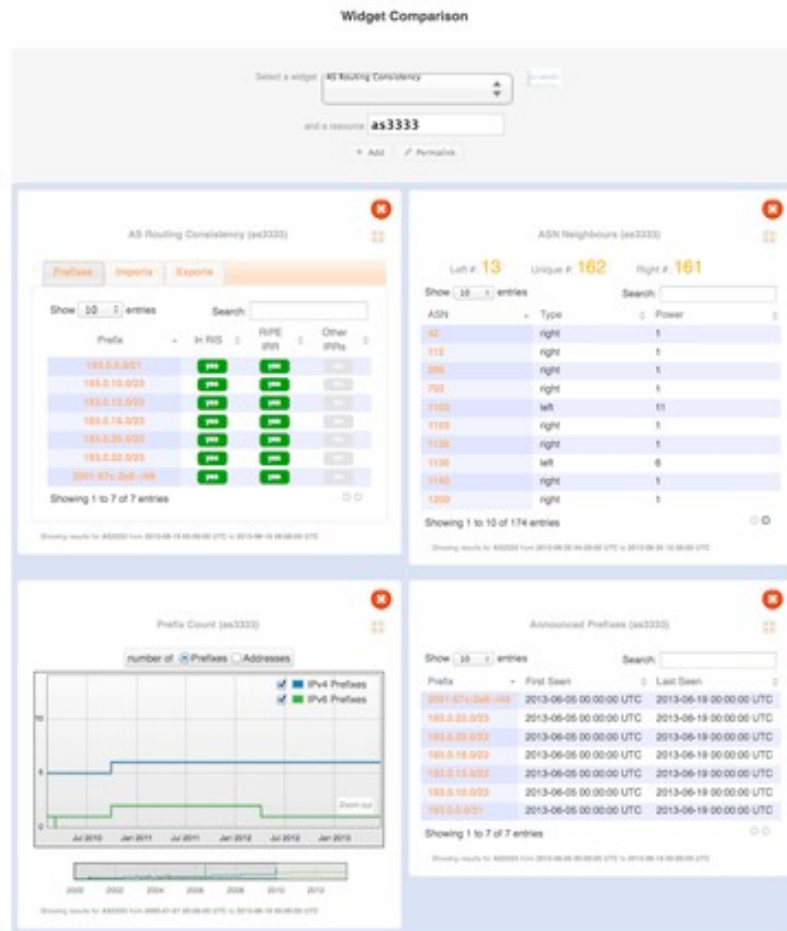
- Search by: IPv4, IPv6 address/prefix, AS Number, hostname, country, keywords (new)
- Web, widgets, data API, text service, mobile app
- Other features:
 - BGPlay2
 - Abuse Finder
 - Customisable “My Views”
 - History view for RIPE NCC members/LIRs
 - Embed widgets on your site

- The most popular visualisation tool has been revamped and implemented in a state-of-the-art web interface
- The most famous incident: YouTube hijacked by Pakistan Telecom
- <https://www.ripe.net/internet-coordination/news/industry-developments/youtube-hijacking-a-ripe-ncc-ris-case-study>
- Video:
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IzLPKuAOe50>

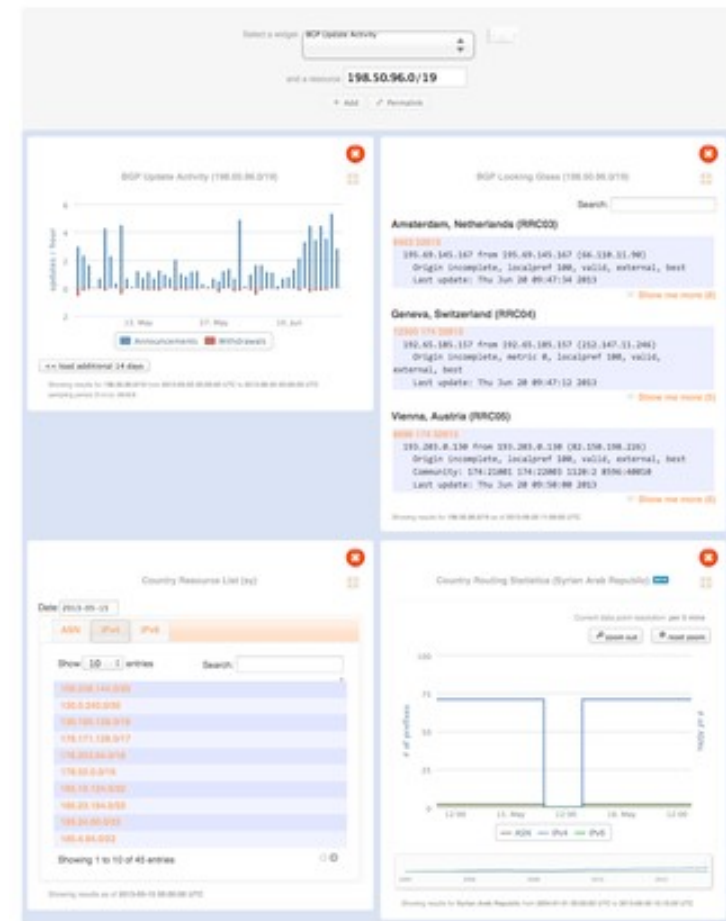




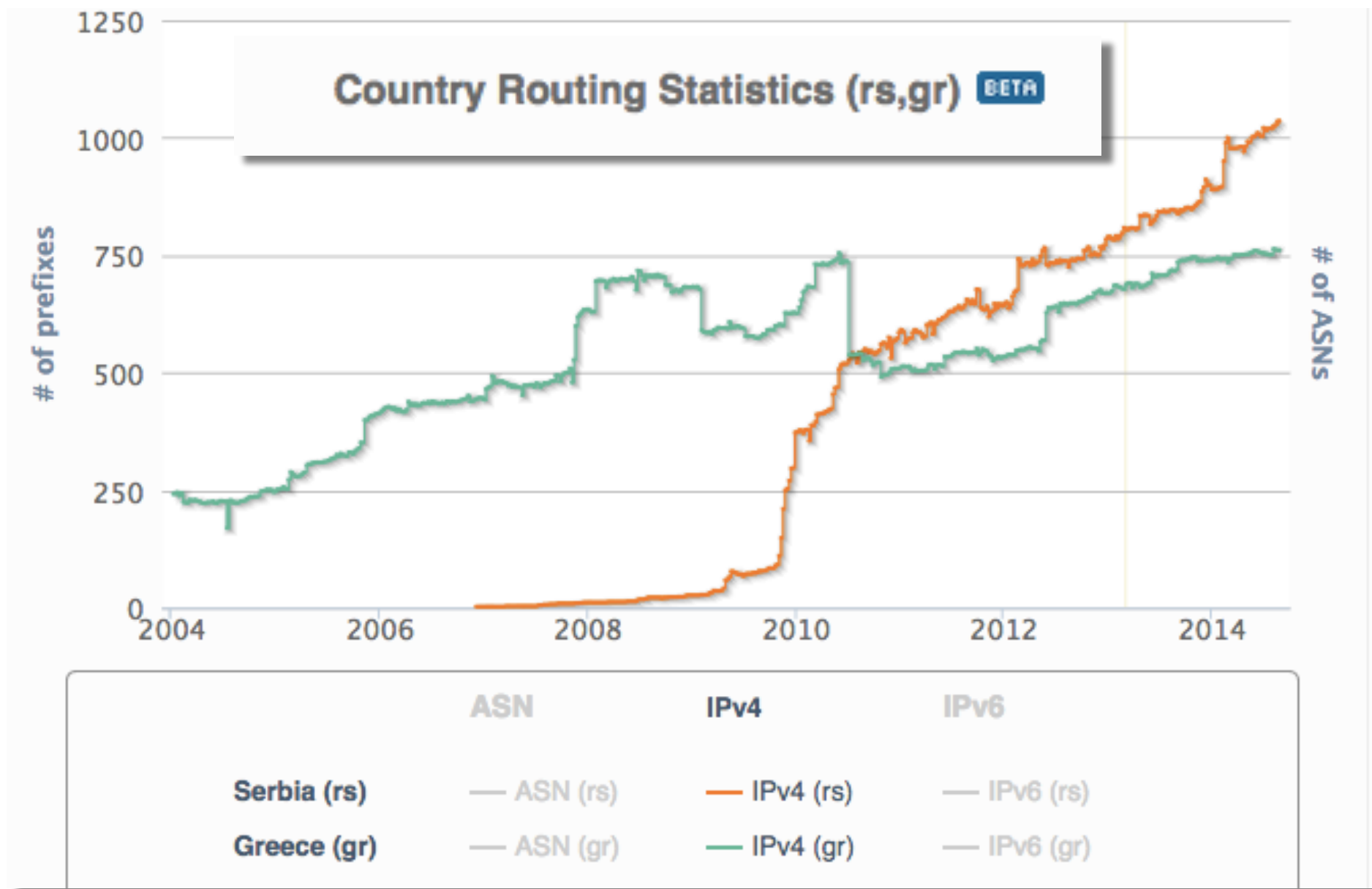
- Making peering decisions



- Country Outage



https://labs.ripe.net/Members/suzanne_taylor_muzzin/ripestats-multiple-widget-and-resource-comparison





- Migrate RIS Dashboard features into RIPEstat
- Add notable events to BGPlay2
- Improve back-end stability to enable resilience of current services and scale for future growth
- Increase data quality and consistency
- Tell us your feature requests:
 - <http://roadmap.ripe.net/ripe-stat/>